

## Functions (Part 1): Function Notation and Evaluate Functions

### Section 1: Evaluate functions (KA link)

1. If  $f(x) = -11x - 3$ , find
  - a.  $f(0) = -11(0) - 3 = 0 - 3 = -3$
  - b.  $f(1) = -11(1) - 3 = -11 - 3 = -14$
  - c.  $f(-2) = -11(-2) - 3 = 22 - 3 = 19$
  - d.  $f(-5) = -11(-5) - 3 = 55 - 3 = 52$

### 2. [Challenge]

- a. If  $g(t) = 3t^2 - 5$  find  $g(-3)$ .

$$g(-3) = 3(-3)^2 - 5 = 3 \cdot 9 - 5 = 27 - 5 = 22$$

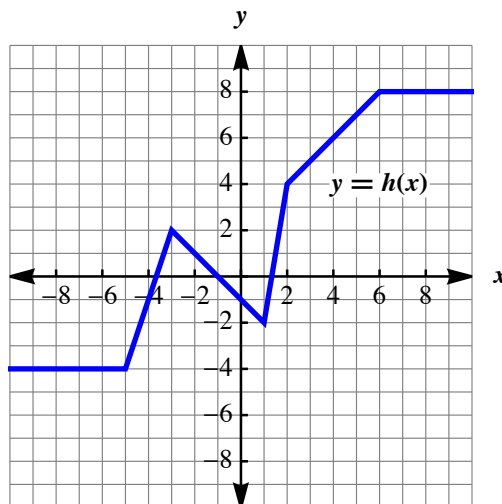
- b. If  $j(k) = 2^{k+1}$  find  $j(2)$ .

$$j(2) = 2^{2+1} = 2^3 = 8$$

### Section 2: Evaluate functions from their graph (KA link)

1. Use the graph to find

- a.  $h(-4) = -1$
- b.  $h(1) = -2$
- c.  $h(5) = 7$
- d.  $h(-10) = -4$



### Section 3: Evaluate function expressions (KA link)

1. Use the graph to find

a.  $3 \cdot h(2) - 2 \cdot g(-8)$

$$h(2) = 4$$

$$g(-8) = 4$$

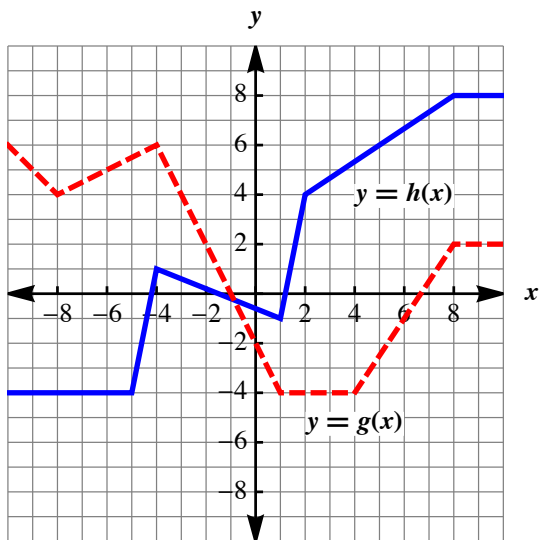
$$3 \cdot h(2) - 2 \cdot g(-8) = 3(4) - 2(4) = 12 - 8 = 4$$

b.  $3g(4) - 2h(5)$

$$g(4) = -4$$

$$h(5) = 6$$

$$3g(4) - 2h(5) = 3(-4) - 2(6) = -12 - 12 = -24$$



### Section 4: Function inputs & outputs: equation (KA link)

1. If  $g(x) = -4x + 7$ , then  $g(\quad) = 19$ .

$$g(x) = -4x + 7 = 19$$

$$-4x + 7 = 19$$

$$-4x = 12$$

$$x = -3$$

$$g(-3) = 19$$

2. If  $f(t) = 11t - 10$ , then  $f(\quad) = -43$ .

$$f(t) = 11t - 10 = -43$$

$$11t - 10 = -43$$

$$11t = -33$$

$$t = -3$$

$$f(-3) = -43$$

3. [Challenge] If  $h(x) = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{2}{3}$ , then  $h(\quad) = \frac{-5}{3}$ .

$$h(x) = \frac{x}{2} - \frac{2}{3} = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$\frac{x}{2} - \frac{2}{3} = -\frac{5}{3}$$

$$\frac{x}{2} = -\frac{5}{3} + \frac{2}{3}$$

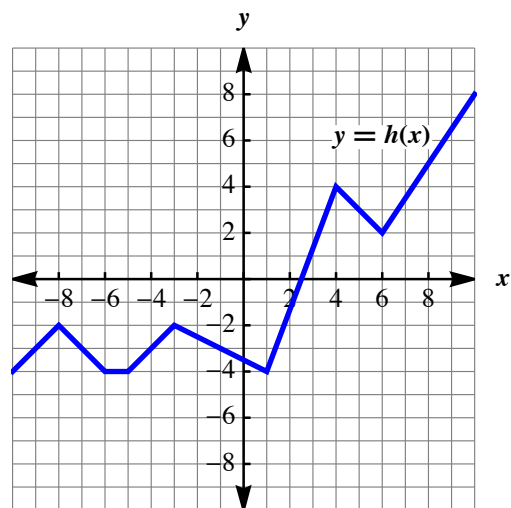
$$\frac{x}{2} = -1$$

$$x = -2$$

$$h(-2) = -\frac{5}{3}$$

### Section 5: Function inputs & outputs: graph (KA link)

1. If  $h(x) = 4$ , then  $x = 4$  or  $7.2$
2. If  $h(x) = -2$ , then  $x = -8, -3$ , or  $1.8$



### Section 6: Function rules from equations (KA link)

1. For a given input value  $r$ , the function  $h$  outputs a value  $q$  to satisfy the equation  $q - 5 = 3(r - 1)$ . Write a formula for  $h(r)$  in terms of  $r$ .

$$q - 5 = 3(r - 1)$$

$$q = 3r - 3 + 5$$

$$q = 3r + 2$$

$$h(r) = 3r + 2$$

2. For a given input value  $x$ , the function  $f$  outputs a value  $y$  to satisfy the equation  $y + 7 = 5(x - 8)$ . Write a formula for  $f(x)$  in terms of  $x$ .

$$y + 7 = 5(x - 8)$$

$$y = 5x - 40 - 7$$

$$y = 5x - 47$$

$$f(x) = 5x - 47$$

3. [Challenge] For a given input value  $x$ , the function  $g$  outputs a value  $y$  to satisfy the equation  $2y - 4x = 6(x - 2)$ . Write a formula for  $g(x)$  in terms of  $x$ .

$$2y - 4x = 6(x - 2)$$

$$2y = 6x - 12 + 4x$$

$$2y = 10x - 12$$

$$y = 5x - 6$$

$$g(x) = 5x - 6$$

### Section 7: Function notation word problems (KA link)

1. Maria is a Lyft driver.  $L(n)$  models how much she makes, in dollars, for her  $n^{\text{th}}$  drive on a certain day. What does the statement  $L(6) = G$  mean?
  - a. Maria makes \$6 for her  $G^{\text{th}}$  drive.
  - b. The amount Maria makes for her  $G^{\text{th}}$  drive and  $6^{\text{th}}$  are equal.
  - c. Maria makes  $G$  dollars on her  $6^{\text{th}}$  drive.
  
2. A plane takes off from San Diego Airport to Boston.  $H(s)$  models the height of the aircraft (in miles) after flying  $s$  miles. What does the statement  $H(.5) = T$  mean?
  - a. After flying for half a mile, the plane was at a height of  $T$  miles.
  - b. The height of the plane after half a mile is the same as the height after  $T$  miles.
  - c. After flying for  $T$  miles, the plane was at a height of half a mile.